B-Tec level 3 in H&SC

Pre-Reading task for Unit 2

This is a knowledge acquisition task.

<u>Task</u>

Please read the four case studies provided and then answer the questions related to that below.

Case Study one

Emily went to the dentist with a painful toothache. The dentist prescribed antibiotics and said that Emily would have to wait for a week before any treatment could be given. Emily is still in pain.



Question

Is this discrimination or not? Write your answer based on this case study and your understanding of the concept of discrimination.

Case study two

Raza is 25 years old, is a computer programmer and cycles to work each day. He has to travel to attend at least four training courses each year to keep up-to-date with his job. He is engaged to be married to Sophie. They share a second floor flat. They have a wide circle of friends that they go out with regularly. During a recent rugby game Raza suffered a severe injury and is now confined to a wheelchair. Raza sees a physiotherapist 4 times a week in the loca hospital.

Questions

The numbers next to the questions indicate the marks.

- Explain the formal and informal support available to Raza to help him cope with the changes in his circumstances.(8)
- 2. Discuss the effects of the accident on Raza's lifestyle. (10)
- 3. What type of relationship have Raza and Sophie got? (2)
- When Raza leaves hospital what physical barrier will Raza have with his home? (1)
- 5. How could this be overcome? (2)
- Raza sees a physiotherapist 4 times a week in the hospital. List 3 characteristics are required by the physiotherapist to do her job. (3)
- 7. Describe the job role of a physiotherapist. (2)

Case study three

This is George, a <u>72 year old</u> who has Arthritis. Recently he had a fall whilst taking his dog out into the garden.

George lives alone, but his sister, nieces and nephews live a bus ride away. He lives in the same house and same neighbourhood that he has lived in for the past 22 years.



Questions

1-Identify the health care professionals that might be involved in his care. Explain how they would carry this out.

2- Identify the social care professionals that might be involved in his care. Explain how they would carry this out.

3- List the informal carers that could be involved in his care and write the care they could provide.

Case study four

Sabrina is 18 years old and has hearing loss. She wears a hearing aid.

Sabrina has completed her A-levels and is leaving home for university.

Sabrina went to a school specialising in hearing loss, therefore has not experienced 'mainstream' education before.

The Equality act states that the University must make reasonable adjustments for her.

Questions

- 1- Explain what is meant by reasonable adjustments.
- 2- Name the professionals who could possibly help Sabrina.
- 3- What does the equality act state for people like Sabrina, read the act and answer this.