

# KING EDWARD VI HANDSWORTH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

# Self-Harm Policy 2023

# **Document Control**

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Reviewed by:	Stacy Dennis	Sign and Date:	
Authorised by:		Sign and Date:	

# **Related Documents/Policies**

Title
Keeping Children Safe in Education (2022)
Mental Health First Aid England, Youth MHFA training
Suicide safer school policy
Let's Talk About Self-harm. Southend, Essex and Thurrock Council
The Truth About Self-harm: for young people and their friends and families. Mental Health Foundation (based on findings of the National Inquiry into Self-harm)
STEM4-SH developing a self-harm policy

Stacy Dennis (DSL) is responsible for reviewing and updating this procedure.

We fulfil our local and national responsibilities as laid out in the following documents:

- The Education and Inspections Act 2006
- Education Act 1996 and 2011
- Children Act 1989
- Human Rights Act 1998
- The Equality Act 2010 (Part 6)
- Children and Families Act 2014 (Part 3)
- <u>Keeping Children Safe in Education</u>
- Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018
- <u>Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Code of Practice</u>

# **Unconscious Bias Key definitions:**

There are two types of biases

- 1. Conscious bias (also known as explicit bias) and
- 2. Unconscious bias (also known as implicit bias)

**Conscious bias** is an inclination or prejudice for or against one person or group, especially in a way considered to be unfair.

**Unconscious bias** is implicit bias. It is unintended and subtle, based on unconscious thought. People may have unfair beliefs about others but not be aware of them. Typically unconscious bias happens involuntarily without any awareness or intentional control. Everyone holds unconscious beliefs about various social and identity groups

Under the 2010 Equality Act, it is unlawful to discriminate against people because of nine areas termed in the legislation as protected characteristics: age; disability; gender reassignment; marriage and civil partnership; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; sexual orientation.

# How to overcome unconscious bias

- Be aware of unconscious bias.
- Don't rush decisions, rather take your time and consider issues properly.
- Justify decisions by evidence and record the reasons for your decisions
- Ensure that everyone knows what kind of behaviour is expected of them.
- Ensure that everyone knows how to report prejudice related incidents.
- Encourage people to work with a wider range of people and get to know them as individuals.
- Focus on the positive behaviour of people and not negative stereotypes.
- Employers should implement policies and procedures which limit the influence of individual characteristics and preferences.

# AIMS AND VALUES

King Edward VI Handsworth Wood Girls School will endeavour to provide an environment where every student can feel:

- safe;
- healthy;
- able to enjoy and achieve;
- able to contribute to future economic well-being; and

• able to make a positive contribution.

This policy is intended for students, parents/carers and staff and will contribute to the protection and safeguarding of our students and promote their welfare by:

- increasing understanding and awareness of self-harm;
- alerting staff to warning signs and risk factors;
- setting out clear guidelines on the school's procedures for dealing with those who self-harm whilst the student is in our school;
- providing support to staff dealing with students who self-harm;
- providing support to students who self-harm and their peers and parents/carers.

# OUR VISION FOR WELLBEING

As a school, in order to prioritise and be committed to the wellbeing of all members of our school community, staff and students are committed to the development of resilience through connectedness, kindness and compassion.

Through the values, ethos and culture we advocate every day in line with our school vision, we aim to develop and nurture students and colleagues with sensitivity and mutual respect. We promote an ethos of ready, respectful and calm for all students and staff.

# STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES

Birmingham Safeguarding Children Partnership (found in Right Help Right Time) outlines eight guiding principles of safeguarding, that can be implemented to protect young people and which our school adheres to. Staff in school will:

- Provide effective help and support as early as possible;
- Have conversations and listen to children and their families as early as possible;
- Understand the child's lived experience;
- Work collaboratively to improve children's life experience;
- Be open, honest and transparent with families in our approach;
- Empower families by working with them;
- Work in a way that builds on families' strengths;
- Build resilience in families to overcome difficulties.

The school will also apply long-term strategies to enhance self-esteem and develop emotional literacy through the PSHE and form time curriculum. Students will be made aware of the policy and who the named staff and Young Wellbeing Leads are if they wish to report a concern.

# **INTRODUCTION TO SELF-HARM**

Self-harm is defined by the World Health Organisation as "an act with a non-fatal outcome in which an individual deliberately initiates a non-habitual behaviour, that without intervention from others will cause self-harm". Whilst it is defined as having a 'non-fatal' outcome, often there are shared risk factors for both self-harm and suicide, which will be discussed later in the policy.

The DfE State of the nation 2022: children and young people's wellbeing research report, published February 2023 found that 3.9% of 7- to 9-year-olds, 11.1% of 11- to 16-year-olds, and 32.8% of 17- to 24-year-olds were reported or reported themselves as having self-harmed in their lifetimes.

Because there may be some temporary relief at the start, self-harm can become someone's normal way of dealing with life's difficulties. This means that it is important to talk to someone as early as possible to

get the right support and help. Learning new coping strategies to deal with these difficulties can make it easier to break the cycle of self-harm in the long term.

# **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

# Governors

- Support the school Senior Leadership Team in awareness and understanding of self-harm and how it should be approached within the curriculum and training for staff and, where appropriate, parents;
- Support the development of the school policy around self-harm.

# Headteacher

- To lead whole school culture of positive mental wellbeing, including awareness of emotional wellbeing, mental health issues and self-harm, and be supported to do so;
- Support training for staff on emotional wellbeing and mental health issues including self-harm;
- Ensure School adherence to the Ofsted Common Assessment Framework which identifies students having "knowledge of how to keep themselves healthy, both emotionally and physically, including through exercising and healthy eating" as one of the criteria in the "personal development" section of the framework.

# **Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)**

- Develop and implement the Self-Harm Policy ensuring all staff (including non-teaching) are aware of and understand the policy and what procedures to follow;
- Ensure that all students know that they can talk to members of the Pastoral Team, including a DSL, if they are experiencing or thinking about self-harming, or are aware of another student who is thinking about self-harming/has self-harmed;
- Ensure all students, parents and staff know where to access <u>resources</u> about coping with and understanding self-harm;
- Maintain up to date records on CPOMS of students experiencing self-harm, incidents of self-harm, concerns surrounding the issue and support provided to students and share appropriate information with the Foundation at yearly Mental Health and Wellbeing meetings;
- Communicate, where appropriate, with the Headteacher and the Local Governing Body, on a regular basis and keep them informed of incidents and developments;
- Liaise with the relevant Pastoral Leaders and Deputy Heads to manage the return of a student to school after a period of in-patient treatment or period of time off school in a way that is supportive to the individual student but also supportive of the rest of the pupils;
- Be confident and up to date in understanding of self-harm including specific training where required;
- Be aware of what organisations and key services in the area can support young people who selfharm;
- Be aware of information sharing and confidentiality arrangements, including when it is essential to share information with relevant staff in school and other organisations;
- Inform student's parents/carers, or support the Pastoral Team to do so, and liaise with them as to how to best manage the situation;
- Respond to any mention of suicidal feelings or behaviour as a matter of urgency;
- Ensure that all first-aiders are provided with resources to understand the medical support needed by someone who has self-harmed;
- Take care of their own and the Pastoral Team's emotional wellbeing and seek support/supervision as and when necessary, including signposting to employeeassistance.org.uk and external supervision.

#### MONITORING, EVALUATION AND REVIEW

The DSL will ensure this policy is reviewed annually and the procedures and implementation are updated and reviewed regularly, and work with the Local Governing Body regarding this. The DSL will also ensure this policy is available publicly and parents are aware of the fact that referrals to external agencies may be made and our role in this.